



## 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER

Brown & Watson International Pty Ltd

Chemwatch: 5443-59

Version No: 2.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: 22/12/2020

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L.GHS.AUS.EN

### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### Product Identifier

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product name                  | 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Chemical Name                 | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Synonyms                      | Part Number: IS1400; 12V 900A EMERGENCY JUMP STARTER (Part Number: IS920); 12V 1200A EMERGENCY JUMP STARTER (Part Number: IS1220); 12/24V 2000A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER (Part Number: IS2000); 12/24V 3000A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER (Part Number: IS3000); 12/24V 5000A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER (Part Number: IS5000) |
| Proper shipping name          | LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Chemical formula              | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Other means of identification | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Relevant identified uses | Rechargeable battery. NOTE: Hazard statement relates to battery contents. Potential for exposure should not exist unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures or is mechanically, physically or electrically abused. Use involves discharge then regenerative charging cycle from external DC power source. CHARGING HAZARD. Completion of charging process includes evolution of highly flammable and explosive hydrogen gas which is readily detonated by electric spark. No smoking or naked lights. Do not attach/detach metal clips or operate open switches during charging process because of arcing/sparking hazard. |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

|                         |                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Registered company name | Brown & Watson International Pty Ltd                                                                                  |
| Address                 | 1500 Ferntree Gully Road Knoxfield VIC 3180 Australia                                                                 |
| Telephone               | +61 3 9730 6000                                                                                                       |
| Fax                     | +61 3 9730 6050                                                                                                       |
| Website                 | <a href="http://www.narva.com.au">www.narva.com.au</a> & <a href="http://www.projecta.com.au">www.projecta.com.au</a> |
| Email                   | <a href="mailto:info@narva.com.au">info@narva.com.au</a>                                                              |

#### Emergency telephone number

|                                   |                                      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Association / Organisation        | Australia Poisons Information Centre |
| Emergency telephone numbers       | 13 11 26 (All Hours)                 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available                        |

### SECTION 2 Hazards identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Poisons Schedule   | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Classification [1] | Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation), Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 4 |
| Legend:            | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI                                                                                                                                |

#### Label elements

|                     |        |
|---------------------|--------|
| Hazard pictogram(s) |        |
| Signal word         | Danger |

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## Hazard statement(s)

|             |                                                                    |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>H314</b> | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.                           |
| <b>H335</b> | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
| <b>H373</b> | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| <b>H413</b> | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.            |

## Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

|             |                                                                            |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>P260</b> | Do not breathe dust/fume.                                                  |
| <b>P271</b> | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.                            |
| <b>P280</b> | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| <b>P273</b> | Avoid release to the environment.                                          |

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

|                       |                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>P301+P330+P331</b> | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.                                                                               |
| <b>P303+P361+P353</b> | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.                       |
| <b>P305+P351+P338</b> | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| <b>P310</b>           | Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.                                                                            |
| <b>P321</b>           | Specific treatment (see advice on this label).                                                                                   |
| <b>P363</b>           | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.                                                                                         |
| <b>P304+P340</b>      | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.                                 |

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

|                  |                                                                  |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>P405</b>      | Store locked up.                                                 |
| <b>P403+P233</b> | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

|             |                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>P501</b> | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

## Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

## Mixtures

| CAS No        | %[weight] | Name                                                             |
|---------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Not Available |           | Sealed metal containers with electrochemical contents, typically |
| 15365-14-7    | 28        | <u>lithium iron phosphate</u>                                    |
| 7440-50-8     | 13        | <u>copper</u>                                                    |
| 7782-42-5     | 12        | <u>graphite</u>                                                  |
| 21324-40-3    | 9         | <u>lithium fluorophosphate</u>                                   |
| 96-49-1       | 9         | <u>ethylene carbonate</u>                                        |
| 616-38-6      | 9         | <u>dimethyl carbonate</u>                                        |
| 7429-90-5     | 7         | <u>aluminium</u>                                                 |
| 9003-07-0     | 5         | <u>polypropylene</u>                                             |
| 9002-88-4     | 5         | <u>polyethylene</u>                                              |
| 24937-79-9    | 2         | <u>vinylidene fluoride homopolymer</u>                           |
| 9004-32-4     | 0.5       | <u>sodium carboxymethylcellulose</u>                             |
| Not Available |           | case material as                                                 |
| 9003-56-9     | 100       | <u>styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer</u>               |

## SECTION 4 First aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Eye Contact</b> | <p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.</li> <li>▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>▶ Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.</li> <li>▶ Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> <li>▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> <li>▶ Generally not applicable.</li> </ul> |
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|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Skin Contact | <p>For thermal burns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Decontaminate area around burn.</li> <li>Consider the use of cold packs and topical antibiotics.</li> </ul> <p>For first-degree burns (affecting top layer of skin)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hold burned skin under cool (not cold) running water or immerse in cool water until pain subsides.</li> <li>Use compresses if running water is not available.</li> <li>Cover with sterile non-adhesive bandage or clean cloth.</li> <li>Do NOT apply butter or ointments; this may cause infection.</li> <li>Give over-the counter pain relievers if pain increases or swelling, redness, fever occur.</li> </ul> <p>For second-degree burns (affecting top two layers of skin)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cool the burn by immerse in cold running water for 10-15 minutes.</li> <li>Use compresses if running water is not available.</li> <li>Do NOT apply ice as this may lower body temperature and cause further damage.</li> <li>Do NOT break blisters or apply butter or ointments; this may cause infection.</li> <li>Protect burn by cover loosely with sterile, nonstick bandage and secure in place with gauze or tape.</li> </ul> <p>To prevent shock: (unless the person has a head, neck, or leg injury, or it would cause discomfort):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lay the person flat.</li> <li>Elevate feet about 12 inches.</li> <li>Elevate burn area above heart level, if possible.</li> <li>Cover the person with coat or blanket.</li> <li>Seek medical assistance.</li> </ul> <p>For third-degree burns</p> <p>Seek immediate medical or emergency assistance.</p> <p>In the mean time:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protect burn area cover loosely with sterile, nonstick bandage or, for large areas, a sheet or other material that will not leave lint in wound.</li> <li>Separate burned toes and fingers with dry, sterile dressings.</li> <li>Do not soak burn in water or apply ointments or butter; this may cause infection.</li> <li>To prevent shock see above.</li> <li>For an airway burn, do not place pillow under the person's head when the person is lying down. This can close the airway.</li> <li>Have a person with a facial burn sit up.</li> <li>Check pulse and breathing to monitor for shock until emergency help arrives.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generally not applicable.</li> </ul> |
| Inhalation   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generally not applicable.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Ingestion    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Generally not applicable.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

for phosphate salts intoxication:

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.
- Ingestion of large quantities of phosphate salts (over 1.0 grams for an adult) may cause an osmotic catharsis resulting in diarrhoea and probable abdominal cramps. Larger doses such as 4-8 grams will almost certainly cause these effects in everyone. In healthy individuals most of the ingested salt will be excreted in the faeces with the diarrhoea and, thus, not cause any systemic toxicity. Doses greater than 10 grams hypothetically may cause systemic toxicity.
- Treatment should take into consideration both anionic and cation portion of the molecule.
- All phosphate salts, except calcium salts, have a hypothetical risk of hypocalcaemia, so calcium levels should be monitored.

Treat symptomatically.

for copper intoxication:

- Unless extensive vomiting has occurred empty the stomach by lavage with water, milk, sodium bicarbonate solution or a 0.1% solution of potassium ferrocyanide (the resulting copper ferrocyanide is insoluble).
- Administer egg white and other demulcents.
- Maintain electrolyte and fluid balances.
- Morphine or meperidine (Demerol) may be necessary for control of pain.
- If symptoms persist or intensify (especially circulatory collapse or cerebral disturbances, try BAL intramuscularly or penicillamine in accordance with the supplier's recommendations.
- Treat shock vigorously with blood transfusions and perhaps vasopressor amines.
- If intravascular haemolysis becomes evident protect the kidneys by maintaining a diuresis with mannitol and perhaps by alkalising the urine with sodium bicarbonate.
- It is unlikely that methylene blue would be effective against the occasional methaemoglobinemia and it might exacerbate the subsequent haemolytic episode.
- Institute measures for impending renal and hepatic failure.

[GOSSELIN, SMITH & HODGE: Commercial Toxicology of Commercial Products]

- A role for activated charcoals for emesis is, as yet, unproven.
- In severe poisoning CaNa2EDTA has been proposed.

[ELLENHORN & BARCELOUX: Medical Toxicology]

Clinical effects of lithium intoxication appear to relate to duration of exposure as well as to level.

- Lithium produces a generalised slowing of the electroencephalogram; the anion gap may increase in severe cases.
- Emesis (or lavage if the patient is obtunded or convulsing) is indicated for ingestions exceeding 40 mg (Li)/Kg.
- Overdose may delay absorption; decontamination measures may be more effective several hours after cathartics.
- Charcoal is not useful. No clinical data are available to guide the administration of catharsis.
- Haemodialysis significantly increases lithium clearance; indications for haemodialysis include patients with serum levels above 4 meq/L.
- There are no antidotes.

[Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

For acute or short term repeated exposures to ethylene glycol:

- Early treatment of ingestion is important. Ensure emesis is satisfactory.
- Test and correct for metabolic acidosis and hypocalcaemia.
- Apply sustained diuresis when possible with hypertonic mannitol.
- Evaluate renal status and begin haemodialysis if indicated. [I.L.O]
- Rapid absorption is an indication that emesis or lavage is effective only in the first few hours. Cathartics and charcoal are generally not effective.
- Correct acidosis, fluid/electrolyte balance and respiratory depression in the usual manner. Systemic acidosis (below 7.2) can be treated with intravenous sodium bicarbonate solution.
- Ethanol therapy prolongs the half-life of ethylene glycol and reduces the formation of toxic metabolites.
- Pyridoxine and thiamine are cofactors for ethylene glycol metabolism and should be given (50 to 100 mg respectively) intramuscularly, four times per day for 2 days.
- Magnesium is also a cofactor and should be replenished. The status of 4-methylpyrazole, in the treatment regime, is still uncertain. For clearance of the material and its metabolites, haemodialysis is much superior to peritoneal dialysis.

[Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

It has been suggested that there is a need for establishing a new biological exposure limit before a workshift that is clearly below 100 mmol ethoxy-acetic acids per mole creatinine in morning urine of people occupationally exposed to ethylene glycol ethers. This arises from the finding that an increase in urinary stones may be associated with such exposures.

Laitinen J., et al: Occupational & Environmental Medicine 1996; 53, 595-600

## SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Metal dust fires need to be smothered with sand, inert dry powders.

**DO NOT USE WATER, CO2 or FOAM.**

- ▶ Use DRY sand, graphite powder, dry sodium chloride based extinguishers, G-1 or Met L-X to smother fire.
- ▶ Confining or smothering material is preferable to applying water as chemical reaction may produce flammable and explosive hydrogen gas.
- ▶ Chemical reaction with CO2 may produce flammable and explosive methane.
- ▶ If impossible to extinguish, withdraw, protect surroundings and allow fire to burn itself out.

At temperatures above 1500 C, carbon, graphite or graphene reacts with substances containing oxygen, including water and carbon dioxide. In case of intensely hot fires sand should be used to cover and isolate these materials.

- ▶ **DO NOT** use halogenated fire extinguishing agents.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire Incompatibility</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Reacts with acids producing flammable / explosive hydrogen (H2) gas</li> <li>▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result</li> <li>▶ Keep dry</li> <li>▶ <b>NOTE:</b> May develop pressure in containers; open carefully. Vent periodically.</li> </ul> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### Advice for firefighters

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire Fighting</b>         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>▶ Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>▶ Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul> <p>Slight hazard when exposed to heat, flame and oxidisers.</p> |
| <b>Fire/Explosion Hazard</b> | <p>Articles and manufactured articles may constitute a fire hazard where polymers form their outer layers or where combustible packaging remains in place.</p> <p>Certain substances, found throughout their construction, may degrade or become volatile when heated to high temperatures. This may create a secondary hazard.</p> <p>Decomposes on heating and produces:</p> <p>carbon dioxide (CO2)<br/>hydrogen fluoride<br/>nitrogen oxides (NOx)<br/>phosphorus oxides (POx)<br/>metal oxides<br/>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</p>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>HAZCHEM</b>               | 2Y                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### Environmental precautions

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Minor Spills</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>▶ Secure load if safe to do so.</li> <li>▶ Bundle/collect recoverable product.</li> <li>▶ Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Major Spills</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>▶ Stop leak if safe to do so.</li> <li>▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.</li> <li>▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.</li> <li>▶ Neutralise/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent).</li> <li>▶ Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</li> <li>▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.</li> <li>▶ After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using.</li> <li>▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li> <li>· Do not use compressed air to remove metal dusts from floors, beams or equipment</li> <li>· Vacuum cleaners, of flame-proof design, should be used to minimise dust accumulation.</li> <li>· Use non-sparking handling equipment, tools and natural bristle brushes.</li> <li>· Provide grounding and bonding where necessary to prevent accumulation of static charges during metal dust handling and transfer operations</li> <li>· Cover and reseal partially empty containers.</li> <li>· Do not allow chips, fines or dusts to contact water, particularly in enclosed areas.</li> </ul> <p>If molten:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Contain the flow using dry sand or salt flux as a dam.</li> <li>▶ All tooling (e.g., shovels or hand tools) and containers which come in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated, rust free and approved for such use.</li> </ul> |

Continued...

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- ▶ Allow the spill to cool before remelting scrap.
- ▶ Clean up all spills immediately.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing, safety glasses, dust mask, gloves.
- ▶ Secure load if safe to do so. Bundle/collect recoverable product.
- ▶ Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.
- ▶ Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).
- ▶ Water may be used to prevent dusting.
- ▶ Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.
- ▶ Flush spill area with water.

## Minor hazard.

- ▶ Clear area of personnel.
- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.
- ▶ Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.
- ▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- ▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
- ▶ Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite and place in appropriate containers for disposal.
- ▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains or waterways.
- ▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

## Safe handling

Polyalpaolefin (PAO) dimers require bonding and grounding to prevent static hazards which could cause a fire

## Graphite:

- is a good conductor of electricity; avoid contact with electrical circuitry.
- is a highly lubricious material and may present a slip hazard if spilled on pedestrian surfaces.

## NOTE:

- ▶ Wet, activated carbon removes oxygen from the air thus producing a severe hazard to workers inside carbon vessels and in enclosed or confined spaces where activated carbons might accumulate.
- ▶ Before entry to such areas, sampling and test procedures for low oxygen levels should be undertaken; control conditions should be established to ensure the availability of adequate oxygen supply.

## For molten metals:

· Molten metal and water can be an explosive combination. The risk is greatest when there is sufficient molten metal to entrap or seal off water. Water and other forms of contamination on or contained in scrap or remelt ingot are known to have caused explosions in melting operations. While the products may have minimal surface roughness and internal voids, there remains the possibility of moisture contamination or entrapment. If confined, even a few drops can lead to violent explosions.

· All tooling, containers, molds and ladles, which come in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated, rust free and approved for such use.

· Any surfaces that may contact molten metal (e.g. concrete) should be specially coated

· Drops of molten metal in water (e.g. from plasma arc cutting), while not normally an explosion hazard, can generate enough flammable hydrogen gas to present an explosion hazard. Vigorous circulation of the water and removal of the particles minimise the hazard.

During melting operations, the following minimum guidelines should be observed:

- Inspect all materials prior to furnace charging and completely remove surface contamination such as water, ice, snow, deposits of grease and oil or other surface contamination resulting from weather exposure, shipment, or storage.
- Store materials in dry, heated areas with any cracks or cavities pointed downwards.
- Preheat and dry large objects adequately before charging in to a furnace containing molten metal. This is typically done by the use of a drying oven or homogenising furnace. The dry cycle should bring the metal temperature of the coldest item of the batch to 200 degree C (400 deg F) and then hold at that temperature for 6 hours.

- ▶ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire.
- ▶ Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
- ▶ Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge ( $\leq 1$  m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/sec).
- ▶ Avoid splash filling.
- ▶ Do NOT use compressed air for filling discharging or handling operations.
- ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
- ▶ Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- ▶ **DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.**
- ▶ **DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.**
- ▶ Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
- ▶ **When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.**
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- ▶ Avoid physical damage to containers.
- ▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- ▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- ▶ Use good occupational work practice.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- ▶ Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.

## Other information

- ▶ Store in original containers.
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed.
- ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- ▶ Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Continued...

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|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Suitable container      | Generally packaging as originally supplied with the article or manufactured item is sufficient to protect against physical hazards.<br>If repackaging is required ensure the article is intact and does not show signs of wear. As far as is practicably possible, reuse the original packaging or something providing a similar level of protection to both the article and the handler. |
| Storage incompatibility | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Keep dry</li><li><b>NOTE:</b> May develop pressure in containers; open carefully. Vent periodically.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source                       | Ingredient | Material name                                                              | TWA       | STEL          | Peak          | Notes                                                   |
|------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Australia Exposure Standards | copper     | Copper, dusts & mists (as Cu)                                              | 1 mg/m3   | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                           |
| Australia Exposure Standards | copper     | Copper (fume)                                                              | 0.2 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                           |
| Australia Exposure Standards | graphite   | Graphite (all forms except fibres) (respirable dust) (natural & synthetic) | 3 mg/m3   | Not Available | Not Available | (e) Containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. |
| Australia Exposure Standards | aluminium  | Aluminium, pyro powders (as Al)                                            | 5 mg/m3   | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                           |
| Australia Exposure Standards | aluminium  | Aluminium (metal dust)                                                     | 10 mg/m3  | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                           |
| Australia Exposure Standards | aluminium  | Aluminium (welding fumes) (as Al)                                          | 5 mg/m3   | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                           |

Emergency Limits

| Ingredient              | Material name                          | TEEL-1    | TEEL-2    | TEEL-3      |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| copper                  | Copper                                 | 3 mg/m3   | 33 mg/m3  | 200 mg/m3   |
| graphite                | Carbon; (Graphite, 7782-42-5)          | 6 mg/m3   | 330 mg/m3 | 2,000 mg/m3 |
| lithium fluorophosphate | Lithium hexafluorophosphate            | 7.5 mg/m3 | 83 mg/m3  | 500 mg/m3   |
| ethylene carbonate      | Glycol carbonate; (Ethylene carbonate) | 30 mg/m3  | 330 mg/m3 | 2,000 mg/m3 |
| dimethyl carbonate      | Dimethyl carbonate                     | 11 ppm    | 120 ppm   | 700 ppm     |
| polypropylene           | Polypropylene                          | 5.2 mg/m3 | 58 mg/m3  | 350 mg/m3   |
| polyethylene            | Polyethylene                           | 16 mg/m3  | 170 mg/m3 | 1,000 mg/m3 |

| Ingredient                                  | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH  |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| lithium iron phosphate                      | Not Available | Not Available |
| copper                                      | 100 mg/m3     | Not Available |
| graphite                                    | 1,250 mg/m3   | Not Available |
| lithium fluorophosphate                     | Not Available | Not Available |
| ethylene carbonate                          | Not Available | Not Available |
| dimethyl carbonate                          | Not Available | Not Available |
| aluminium                                   | Not Available | Not Available |
| polypropylene                               | Not Available | Not Available |
| polyethylene                                | Not Available | Not Available |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer             | Not Available | Not Available |
| sodium carboxymethylcellulose               | Not Available | Not Available |
| styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer | Not Available | Not Available |

Occupational Exposure Banding

| Ingredient              | Occupational Exposure Band Rating                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Occupational Exposure Band Limit |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| lithium fluorophosphate | E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ≤ 0.01 mg/m³                     |
| ethylene carbonate      | E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ≤ 0.01 mg/m³                     |
| Notes:                  | Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health. |                                  |

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

|                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Appropriate engineering controls | Articles or manufactured items, in their original condition, generally don't require engineering controls during handling or in normal use. Exceptions may arise following extensive use and subsequent wear, during recycling or disposal operations where substances, found in the article, may be released to the environment.<br><br>Metal dusts must be collected at the source of generation as they are potentially explosive. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Avoid ignition sources.</li><li>Good housekeeping practices must be maintained.</li><li>Dust accumulation on the floor, ledges and beams can present a risk of ignition, flame propagation and secondary explosions.</li></ul> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER

- Do not use compressed air to remove settled materials from floors, beams or equipment
- Vacuum cleaners, of flame-proof design, should be used to minimise dust accumulation.
- Use non-sparking handling equipment, tools and natural bristle brushes. Cover and reseal partially empty containers. Provide grounding and bonding where necessary to prevent accumulation of static charges during metal dust handling and transfer operations.
- Do not allow chips, fines or dusts to contact water, particularly in enclosed areas.
- Metal spraying and blasting should, where possible, be conducted in separate rooms. This minimises the risk of supplying oxygen, in the form of metal oxides, to potentially reactive finely divided metals such as aluminium, zinc, magnesium or titanium.
- Work-shops designed for metal spraying should possess smooth walls and a minimum of obstructions, such as ledges, on which dust accumulation is possible.
- Wet scrubbers are preferable to dry dust collectors.
- Bag or filter-type collectors should be sited outside the workrooms and be fitted with explosion relief doors.
- Cyclones should be protected against entry of moisture as reactive metal dusts are capable of spontaneous combustion in humid or partially wetted states.
- Local exhaust systems must be designed to provide a minimum capture velocity at the fume source, away from the worker, of 0.5 metre/sec.
- Local ventilation and vacuum systems must be designed to handle explosive dusts. Dry vacuum and electrostatic precipitators must not be used, unless specifically approved for use with flammable/ explosive dusts.

Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

| Type of Contaminant:                                                                   | Air Speed:                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| welding, brazing fumes (released at relatively low velocity into moderately still air) | 0.5-1.0 m/s (100-200 f/min.) |

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

| Lower end of the range                                     | Upper end of the range           |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture      | 1: Disturbing room air currents  |
| 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only. | 2: Contaminants of high toxicity |
| 3: Intermittent, low production.                           | 3: High production, heavy use    |
| 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion                  | 4: Small hood-local control only |

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.) for extraction of gases discharged 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation in the workplace and safely remove carbon black from the air.

Note: Wet, activated carbon removes oxygen from the air and thus presents a severe hazard to workers inside carbon vessels and enclosed or confined spaces. Before entering such areas sampling and test procedures for low oxygen levels should be undertaken and control conditions set up to ensure ample oxygen availability.[Linde]

## Personal protection



## Eye and face protection

No special equipment required due to the physical form of the product.

## Skin protection

See Hand protection below

## Hands/feet protection

No special equipment required due to the physical form of the product.

## Body protection

See Other protection below

## Other protection

During repair or maintenance activities the potential exists for exposures to toxic metal particulate in excess of the occupational standards. Under these circumstances, protecting workers can require the use of specific work practices or procedures involving the combined use of ventilation, wet and vacuum cleaning methods, respiratory protection, decontamination, special protective clothing, and when necessary, restricted work zones.

Protective over-garments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities such as machining, furnace rebuilding, air cleaning equipment filter changes, maintenance, furnace tending, etc. Contaminated work clothing and over-garments must be managed in a controlled manner to prevent secondary exposure to workers of third parties, to prevent the spread of particulate to other areas, and to prevent particulate from being taken home by workers.

Personnel who handle and work with **molten metal** should utilise primary protective clothing like polycarbonate face shields, fire resistant tapper's jackets, neck shades (snoods), leggings, spats and similar equipment to prevent burn injuries. In addition to primary protection, secondary or day-to-day work clothing that is fire resistant and sheds metal splash is recommended for use with molten metal. Synthetic materials should never be worn even as secondary clothing (undergarments).

## Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

| Required Minimum Protection Factor | Half-Face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator | Powered Air Respirator  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| up to 10 x ES                      | A-AUS P2             | -                    | A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2 |
| up to 50 x ES                      | -                    | A-AUS / Class 1 P2   | -                       |
| up to 100 x ES                     | -                    | A-2 P2               | A-PAPR-2 P2 ^           |

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

Respiratory protection not normally required due to the physical form of the product.

Continued...



## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                   | Rectangular shaped battery; insoluble in water. IS920: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 1600mAh. Watt Hour: 20.48Wh IS1220: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 3000mAh. Watt Hour: 38.4Wh IS1400: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 4000mAh. Watt Hour: 51.2Wh IS2000: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 6000mAh. Watt Hour: 76.8Wh IS3000: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 6000mAh. Watt Hour: 76.8Wh IS5000: Nominal Voltage: 12V. Rated Capacity: 12000mAh. Watt Hour: 153.6Wh |                                                |                |
| <b>Physical state</b>                               | Manufactured                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>            | Not Available  |
| <b>Odour</b>                                        | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b> | Not Available  |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                              | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>          | Not Applicable |
| <b>pH (as supplied)</b>                             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Decomposition temperature</b>               | Not Applicable |
| <b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>          | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>                         | Not Applicable |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b> | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>                | Not Applicable |
| <b>Flash point (°C)</b>                             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Taste</b>                                   | Not Available  |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>Explosive properties</b>                    | Not Available  |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                 | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Oxidising properties</b>                    | Not Available  |
| <b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>                    | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>        | Not Applicable |
| <b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>                    | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>               | Not Available  |
| <b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>                        | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Gas group</b>                               | Not Available  |
| <b>Solubility in water</b>                          | Immiscible                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>pH as a solution (1%)</b>                   | Not Applicable |
| <b>Vapour density (Air = 1)</b>                     | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>VOC g/L</b>                                 | Not Available  |

## SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>▶ Product is considered stable.</li> <li>▶ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | See section 5                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## SECTION 11 Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Inhaled</b> | <p>Evidence shows, or practical experience predicts, that the material produces irritation of the respiratory system, in a substantial number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the irritant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved to protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs. Respiratory tract irritation often results in an inflammatory response involving the recruitment and activation of many cell types, mainly derived from the vascular system.</p> <p>Acidic corrosives produce respiratory tract irritation with coughing, choking and mucous membrane damage. Symptoms of exposure may include dizziness, headache, nausea and weakness. In more severe exposures, pulmonary oedema may be evident either immediately or after a latent period of 5-72 hours. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema include a tightness in the chest, dyspnoea, frothy sputum and cyanosis. Examination may reveal hypotension, a weak and rapid pulse and moist rates. Death, due to anoxia, may occur several hours after onset of the pulmonary oedema.</p> <p>Exposure to toxic levels of butadiene has also produced chromosome damage. Human volunteers exposed at 2000-8000 ppm 1,3-butadiene for 6-8 hours showed slight smarting of the eyes, difficulty in focusing on instrument scales and a transient objection to butadiene odour. Characteristics of exposure include dry nose/mouth/throat, fatigue, headache, vertigo, nausea, narcosis, respiratory paralysis, and central nervous system depression. Very high concentrations may cause loss of consciousness or death. Repeated and prolonged exposure to 1,3-butadiene vapour may cause kidney and liver damage. Deep anaesthesia was induced in rabbits in 8 to 10 minutes at 200000 to 250000 ppm. Recovery from brief periods of anaesthesia occurred within two minutes of terminating the exposure.</p> <p>Although carbon itself has no toxic action, associated impurities may be toxic. Iodine is often found as an impurity and air-borne carbon dusts, as a result, may produce irritation of the mucous membranes, the eyes, and skin. Symptoms of exposure may include coughing, irritation of the nose and throat and burning of the eyes.</p> <p>Copper poisoning following exposure to copper dusts and fume may result in headache, cold sweat and weak pulse. Capillary, kidney, liver and brain damage are the longer term manifestations of such poisoning. Inhalation of freshly formed metal oxide particles sized below 1.5 microns and generally between 0.02 to 0.05 microns may result in "metal fume fever". Symptoms may be delayed for up to 12 hours and begin with the sudden onset of thirst, and a sweet, metallic or foul taste in the mouth. Other symptoms include upper respiratory tract irritation accompanied by coughing and a dryness of the mucous membranes, lassitude and a generalised feeling of malaise. Mild to severe headache, nausea, occasional vomiting, fever or chills, exaggerated mental activity, profuse sweating, diarrhoea, excessive urination and prostration may also occur. Tolerance to the fumes develops rapidly, but is quickly lost. All symptoms usually subside within 24-36 hours following removal from exposure.</p> <p>Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments</p> <p>Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be damaging to the health of the individual.</p> |
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## 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER

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| Ingestion    | <p>Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments</p> <p>Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.</p> <p>The material can produce severe chemical burns within the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract following ingestion.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Skin Contact | <p>Skin contact with the material may damage the health of the individual; systemic effects may result following absorption.</p> <p>Irritation and skin reactions are possible with sensitive skin</p> <p>Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material</p> <p>Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.</p> <p>Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.</p> <p>Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments</p> <p>The material can produce severe chemical burns following direct contact with the skin.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Eye          | <p>When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation.</p> <p>Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments</p> <p>The material can produce severe chemical burns to the eye following direct contact. Vapours or mists may be extremely irritating.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        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| Chronic      | <p>Repeated or prolonged exposure to acids may result in the erosion of teeth, inflammatory and ulcerative changes in the mouth and necrosis (rarely) of the jaw. Bronchial irritation, with cough, and frequent attacks of bronchial pneumonia may ensue. Gastrointestinal disturbances may also occur. Chronic exposures may result in dermatitis and/or conjunctivitis.</p> <p>The impact of inhaled acidic agents on the respiratory tract depends upon a number of interrelated factors. These include physicochemical characteristics, e.g., gas versus aerosol; particle size (small particles can penetrate deeper into the lung); water solubility (more soluble agents are more likely to be removed in the nose and mouth). Given the general lack of information on the particle size of aerosols involved in occupational exposures to acids, it is difficult to identify their principal deposition site within the respiratory tract. Acid mists containing particles with a diameter of up to a few micrometers will be deposited in both the upper and lower airways. They are irritating to mucous epithelia, they cause dental erosion, and they produce acute effects in the lungs (symptoms and changes in pulmonary function). Asthmatics appear to be at particular risk for pulmonary effects.</p> <p>Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems.</p> <p>Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.</p> <p>Serious damage (clear functional disturbance or morphological change which may have toxicological significance) is likely to be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure. As a rule the material produces, or contains a substance which produces severe lesions. Such damage may become apparent following direct application in subchronic (90 day) toxicity studies or following sub-acute (28 day) or chronic (two-year) toxicity tests.</p> <p>On the basis, primarily, of animal experiments, concern has been expressed by at least one classification body that the material may produce carcinogenic or mutagenic effects; in respect of the available information, however, there presently exists inadequate data for making a satisfactory assessment.</p> <p>Occupational exposure to aluminium compounds may produce asthma, chronic obstructive lung disease and pulmonary fibrosis. Long-term overexposure may produce dyspnoea, cough, pneumothorax, variable sputum production and nodular interstitial fibrosis; death has been reported. Chronic interstitial pneumonia with severe cavitations in the right upper lung and small cavities in the remaining lung tissue, have been observed in gross pathology. Shaver's Disease may result from occupational exposure to fumes or dusts; this may produce respiratory distress and fibrosis with large blebs. Animal studies produce no indication that aluminium or its compounds are carcinogenic.</p> <p>Because aluminium competes with calcium for absorption, increased amounts of dietary aluminium may contribute to the reduced skeletal mineralisation (osteopenia) observed in preterm infants and infants with growth retardation. In very high doses, aluminium can cause neurotoxicity, and is associated with altered function of the blood-brain barrier. A small percentage of people are allergic to aluminium and experience contact dermatitis, digestive disorders, vomiting or other symptoms upon contact or ingestion of products containing aluminium, such as deodorants or antacids. In those without allergies, aluminium is not as toxic as heavy metals, but there is evidence of some toxicity if it is consumed in excessive amounts. Although the use of aluminium cookware has not been shown to lead to aluminium toxicity in general, excessive consumption of antacids containing aluminium compounds and excessive use of aluminium-containing antiperspirants provide more significant exposure levels. Studies have shown that consumption of acidic foods or liquids with aluminium significantly increases aluminium absorption, and maltol has been shown to increase the accumulation of aluminium in nervous and osseous tissue. Furthermore, aluminium increases oestrogen-related gene expression in human breast cancer cells cultured in the laboratory. These salts' estrogen-like effects have led to their classification as a metalloestrogen. Some researchers have expressed concerns that the aluminium in antiperspirants may increase the risk of breast cancer.</p> <p>After absorption, aluminium distributes to all tissues in animals and humans and accumulates in some, in particular bone. The main carrier of the aluminium ion in plasma is the iron binding protein, transferrin. Aluminium can enter the brain and reach the placenta and foetus. Aluminium may persist for a very long time in various organs and tissues before it is excreted in the urine. Although retention times for aluminium appear to be longer in humans than in rodents, there is little information allowing extrapolation from rodents to the humans.</p> <p>At high levels of exposure, some aluminium compounds may produce DNA damage in vitro and in vivo via indirect mechanisms. The database on carcinogenicity of aluminium compounds is limited. No indication of any carcinogenic potential was obtained in mice given aluminium potassium sulphate at high levels in the diet.</p> <p>Aluminium has shown neurotoxicity in patients undergoing dialysis and thereby chronically exposed parenterally to high concentrations of aluminium. It has been suggested that aluminium is implicated in the aetiology of Alzheimer's disease and associated with other neurodegenerative diseases in humans. However, these hypotheses remain controversial. Several compounds containing aluminium have the potential to produce neurotoxicity (mice, rats) and to affect the male reproductive system (dogs). In addition, after maternal exposure they have shown embryotoxicity (mice) and have affected the developing nervous system in the offspring (mice, rats). The available studies have a number of limitations and do not allow any dose-response relationships to be established. The combined evidence from several studies in mice, rats and dogs that used dietary administration of aluminium compounds produce lowest-observed-adverse-effect levels (LOAELs) for effects on neurotoxicity, testes, embryotoxicity, and the developing nervous system of 52, 75, 100, and 50 mg aluminium/kg bw/day, respectively. Similarly, the lowest no-observed-adverse-effect levels (NOAELs) for effects on these endpoints were reported at 30, 27, 100, and for effects on the developing nervous system, between 10 and 42 mg aluminium/kg bw per day, respectively.</p> <p>Controversy exists over whether aluminium is the cause of degenerative brain disease (Alzheimer's disease or AD). Several epidemiological studies show a possible correlation between the incidence of AD and high levels of aluminium in drinking water. A study in Toronto, for example, found a 2.6 times increased risk in people residing for at least 10 years in communities where drinking water contained more than 0.15 mg/l aluminium compared with communities where the aluminium level was lower than 0.1 mg/l. A neurochemical model has been suggested linking aluminium exposure to brain disease. Aluminium concentrates in brain regions, notably the hippocampus, cerebral cortex and amygdala where it preferentially binds to large pyramid-shaped cells - it does not bind to a substantial degree to the smaller interneurons. Aluminium displaces magnesium in key metabolic reactions in brain cells and also interferes with calcium metabolism and inhibits phosphoinositide metabolism. Phosphoinositide normally controls calcium ion levels at critical concentrations.</p> <p>Under the microscope the brain of AD sufferers show thickened fibrils (neurofibrillary tangles - NFT) and plaques consisting of amyloid protein deposited in the matrix between brain cells. Tangles result from alteration of "tau" a brain cytoskeletal protein. AD tau is distinguished from normal tau because it is hyperphosphorylated. Aluminium hyperphosphorylates tau in vitro. When AD tau is injected into rat brain NFT-like aggregates form but soon degrade. Aluminium stabilises these aggregates rendering them resistant to protease degradation. Plaque formation is also enhanced by aluminium which induces the accumulation of amyloid precursor protein in the thread-like extensions of nerve cells (axons and dendrites). In addition aluminium has been shown to depress the activity of most neuro-transmitters similarly depressed in AD (acetylcholine, norepinephrine, glutamate and GABA).</p> <p>Aluminium enters the brain in measurable quantities, even when trace levels are contained in a glass of tap water. Other sources of bioavailable aluminium include baking powder, antacids and aluminium products used for general food preparation and storage (over 12 months, aluminium levels in soft drink packed in aluminium cans rose from 0.05 to 0.9 mg/l). [Walton, J and Bryson-Taylor, D. - Chemistry in Australia, August 1995]</p> |

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Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may result in pneumoconiosis (lung disease caused by inhalation dust).

Graphite workers have reported symptoms of headaches, coughing, depression, low appetite, dyspnoea (difficult breathing) and black sputum. A number of studies indicate that graphitosis is a progressive and disabling disease and that the presence of crystalline silica and some silicates as graphite impurities have a pronounced synergistic effect.

Workers suffering from graphite pneumoconiosis have generally worked in the industry for long periods, i.e. 10 years or more, although some cases have been reported after as little as four years.

Data indicate the higher the crystalline silica content of graphite the greater is the severity of the pneumoconiosis.

Pre-employment and periodic examinations should be directed towards detecting significant respiratory disease through chest X-rays and pulmonary function tests

Neuromuscular effects result from chronic over-exposure to lithium compounds. These may include tremor, ataxia, clonus and hyperactive reflexes. Some animal studies have shown that exposure during pregnancy may produce birth defects. Other studies with rats, rabbits and monkeys have not shown teratogenic effects. Human data are ambiguous; it is well established that lithium can cross the human placenta. Of 225 registered pregnancies in which the mothers had received lithium (as a tranquiliser) there were 25 instances of congenital malformation. Although pharmacological doses of lithium cannot be unequivocally designated as a human teratogen, lithium therapy is contraindicated in women of childbearing potential.

Prolonged exposure may produce anorexia, weight loss and emaciation. The kidneys, behavioural/ central nervous system and peripheral nervous system may also show adverse effects.

Various types of dermatitis (psoriasis, alopecia, cutaneous ulcers, acne, follicular papules, xerosis cutis, exfoliative) may also result from chronic skin exposure.

Lithium ion can be an effective treatment for manic depression. It is thought to bind the enzyme IMPase (inositol monophosphatase) and thereby mediates its influence in producing a response to calcium-induced production of neurotransmitters and hormones thought to be responsible for the clinical picture.

In subchronic studies, rats were exposed to 3 milliequivalents Li/kg/day (equivalent to 1450 mg for a 70 kg person) but did not accumulate Li whilst on a high sodium diet. However when sodium was restricted, fatal kidney toxicity developed. Dogs survived daily dose of 50 mg LiCl/kg for 150 days to the termination of the experiment on a normal sodium intake, whereas the same dose was lethal in 12 to 18 days on a low sodium diet: 20 mg LiCl/kg/day resulted in death in 18 to 30 days.

Chronic inhalation exposure of production workers has caused decreased pulmonary function and myocardial dystrophy. There is suggestive but inconclusive evidence that carbon black containing polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) has been responsible for induction of skin cancers in exposed workers.

Long term inhalation of carbon black can cause cough, phlegm, tiredness, chest pain and headache. Dermal, mucosal, or inhalation exposure can cause irritation.

Inhalation of carbon black by mice, rats and monkeys caused thickened alveolar walls, increased pulmonary collagen, right atrial and ventricular strain, hypertrophy of the right atrial and ventricular septum and increased heart weights. Although carbon black itself did not cause cancer in treated animals, carbon black containing polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) did cause cancer following chronic administration by all routes tested.

Epidemiological studies of workers in the carbon black producing industries of North America and Western Europe show no significant health effect due to occupational exposure to carbon black. Several other studies provide conflicting evidence. Early studies in the former USSR and Eastern Europe report respiratory diseases amongst workers exposed to carbon black, including bronchitis, pneumonia, emphysema and rhinitis. These studies are of questionable validity due to inadequate study design and methodology, lack of appropriate controls for cigarette smoking and other confounding factors such as concurrent exposure to carbon dioxide, coal oil and petroleum vapours. Moreover, review of these studies indicates that the concentrations of carbon black were greater than current occupational standards.

Carbon black may cause adverse pulmonary changes following prolonged or repeated inhalation of the dust; these include oral mucosal lesions, bronchitis and pneumoconiosis which may lead to lung tumours.

The body of evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies comes from two chronic inhalation studies and two intratracheal instillation studies in rats, which showed significantly elevated rates of lung cancer in exposed animals. An inhalation study was tested on mice, but did not show significantly elevated rates of lung cancer in exposed animals. Epidemiologic data comes from three different cohort studies of carbon black production workers. Two studies, from the United Kingdom and Germany, with over 1,000 workers in each study group, showed elevated mortality from lung cancer in the carbon black workers. Another study of over 5,000 workers in the United States did not show elevated mortality from lung cancer in the carbon black workers. Newer findings of increased lung cancer mortality in an update from the UK study may suggest that carbon black could be a late-stage carcinogen. However, a more recent and larger study from Germany did not confirm this hypothesis that carbon black acts as a late-stage carcinogen.

In studies employing channel and furnace black, hamsters, mice, guinea pigs, rabbits and monkeys exposed to dusts for 7 hours/day, 5 days/week, at concentrations of 87.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for channel black and 56.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for furnace black, no malignancies were observed in any of the animals. Channel black had little if any absorbed polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) (as benzene extractables) whilst furnace black had 0.28%.

Several findings have strengthened the association between inflammation and cancer and between the particle surface area dose of carbon black and other poorly soluble low toxicity (PSLT) particles and the pulmonary inflammation response in mice and the proinflammatory effects in lung cells in vitro. Other evidence suggests that in addition to a cancer mechanism involving indirect genotoxicity through inflammation and oxidative stress, nanoparticles may act as direct carcinogens.

Carbon black appears to act like PSLT particles, which can elicit lung tumours in rats following prolonged exposure to sufficiently high concentrations of particles. Particle surface area dose was found to be most predictive of pulmonary inflammation and tumour response in rats when comparing the dose-response relationships for various types and sizes of PSLT including carbon black. Compared to fine PSLT, much lower concentrations of ultrafine PSLT (e.g. 2.5, 6.5 or 11.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> carbon black and ~10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> ultrafine titanium dioxide) were associated with impaired clearance, persistent inflammation, and malignant lung tumours in chronic inhalation studies in rats. Most evidence suggests that carbon black and other PSLT-elicited lung tumours occurs through a secondary genotoxic mechanism, involving chronic inflammation and oxidative stress. Experimental studies have shown that when the particle lung dose reaches a sufficiently high concentration (e.g., mass dose of ~0.5 mg fine-sized PSLT/g lung in rats), the alveolar macrophage-mediated clearance process begins to be impaired (complete impairment occurs at ~10 mg/g lung. Overloading of lung clearance is accompanied by pulmonary inflammation, leading to increased production of reactive oxygen and nitrogen species, depletion of antioxidants and/or impairment of other defense mechanisms, cell injury, cell proliferation, fibrosis, and as seen in rats, induction of mutations and eventually cancer. Rats appear to be more sensitive to carbon black and other PSLT than other rodent species. Although studies in humans have not shown a direct link between inhaled PSLT and lung cancer, many of the steps in the mechanism observed in rats have also been observed in humans who work in dusty jobs, including increased particle lung retention and pulmonary inflammation in workers exposed to coal dust or crystalline silica and elevated lung cancer has been observed in some studies of workers exposed to carbon black, crystalline silica, and diesel exhaust particles

Monkeys exposed to channel black for 1000-1500 hours showed evidence of electrocardiac changes indicative of right atrial and right ventricular strain. These changes increased progressively until after 10,000 hours of exposure, when the changes were marked. The authors of this study concluded that there was no significant effect due to prolonged exposure other than those expected from the accumulation of non-toxic dusts in the pulmonary system. Exposure to furnace black produced a similar picture although electrocardiographic change was first observed in monkeys after 2500 hours' exposure and marked atrial and right ventricular strain after 10,000 hours' exposure. The authors concluded that there was no significant effect due to prolonged exposure other than those expected from the accumulation of nontoxic dusts in the pulmonary system.

Exposure to furnace black produced a similar picture although electrocardiographic change was first observed in monkeys after 2500 hours exposure and marked atrial and right ventricular strain after 10,000 hours exposure.

Chromatographic fractions of oily material extracted from carbon black have been shown to be carcinogenic whilst the unfractionated extracts are not. The activity of some carcinogens appear to be inhibited by carbon black itself.

Chronic copper poisoning is rarely recognised in man although in one instance, at least, symptoms more commonly associated with exposures to mercury, namely infantile acrodynia (pink disease), have been described. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. A hazardous situation is exposure of a worker with the rare hereditary condition (Wilson's disease or hereditary hepatolenticular degeneration) to copper exposure which may cause liver, kidney, CNS, bone and sight damage and is potentially lethal. Haemolytic anaemia (a

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result of red-blood cell damage) is common in cows and sheep poisoned by copper derivatives. Overdosing of copper feed supplements has resulted in pigmentary cirrhosis of the liver. [GOSSELIN, SMITH HODGE: Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products]

Amongst humans occupationally exposed to 1,3-butadiene several cancer sites with high statistically significant mortality ratios were identified. These included cancer of the testes, cancers of the digestive system (oesophagus, stomach, large intestine), larynx and Hodgkin's disease. Exposure by rats to 1,3-butadiene gas at 1000 ppm/6hrs/day, 5 days /week (105 weeks for females and 111 weeks for males) caused significant increases in the incidence of tumours at various sites; mammary gland adenomas and sarcomas; uterine sarcomas; Zymbal gland carcinomas; thyroid adenomas and pancreatic adenomas. A high incidence of malignant lymphoma was found amongst a group of exposed rats in a second study

Dogs given daily doses of sodium phosphate dibasic for 9-22 weeks showed calcium deposits in the kidneys (nephrocalcinosis) with disseminated atrophy of the proximal tubule. Animals fed on sodium phosphate dibasic and potassium dihydrogen phosphate, in both short- and long-term studies, showed increased bone porosity; hyperparathyroidism and soft tissue calcification were also evident.

Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.

Chronic excessive iron exposure has been associated with haemosiderosis and consequent possible damage to the liver and pancreas. Haemosiderin is a golden-brown insoluble protein produced by phagocytic digestion of haematin (an iron-based pigment). Haemosiderin is found in most tissues, especially in the liver, in the form of granules. Other sites of haemosiderin deposition include the pancreas and skin. A related condition, haemochromatosis, which involves a disorder of metabolism of these deposits, may produce cirrhosis of the liver, diabetes, and bronze pigmentation of the skin - heart failure may eventually occur.

Such exposure may also produce conjunctivitis, choroiditis, retinitis (both inflammatory conditions involving the eye) and siderosis of tissues if iron remains in these tissues. Siderosis is a form of pneumoconiosis produced by iron dusts. Siderosis also includes discoloration of organs, excess circulating iron and degeneration of the retina, lens and uvea as a result of the deposition of intraocular iron. Siderosis might also involve the lungs - involvement rarely develops before ten years of regular exposure. Often there is an accompanying inflammatory reaction of the bronchi. Permanent scarring of the lungs does not normally occur.

High levels of iron may raise the risk of cancer. This concern stems from the theory that iron causes oxidative damage to tissues and organs by generating highly reactive chemicals, called free radicals, which subsequently react with DNA. Cells may be disrupted and may become cancerous. People whose genetic disposition prevents them from keeping tight control over iron (e.g. those with the inherited disorder, haemochromatosis) may be at increased risk.

Iron overload in men may lead to diabetes, arthritis, liver cancer, heart irregularities and problems with other organs as iron builds up. [K. Schmidt, New Scientist, No. 1919 pp.11-12, 2nd April, 1994]

| 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                     | Not Available                                                                                          | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| lithium iron phosphate              | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>                                                                             | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup><br>Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>                                                            |
| copper                              | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | 0.12 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                              | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>                                                                                                                                |
|                                     | 12 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>                                                                                                                               |
|                                     | Oral(Mouse) LD50 = 7 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup><br>Oral(Rat) LD50 5800 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| graphite                            | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Oral(Rat) LD50 >2000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                              | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| lithium fluorophosphate             | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Oral(Rat) LD50 50-300 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>                                                             | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ethylene carbonate                  | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Not Available                                                                                          | Eye (rabbit): 20 mg - mild<br>Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup><br>Skin (rabbit): 660 mg - moderate<br>Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup> |
|                                     | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | 1600 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup><br>Oral(Mouse) LD50 6000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup><br>Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>                                                            |
| aluminium                           | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Not Available                                                                                          | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup><br>Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>                                                            |
| polypropylene                       | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Oral(Mouse) LD50 3200 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup><br>Oral(Rat) LD50 >8000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| polyethylene                        | TOXICITY                                                                                               | IRRITATION                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                     | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup><br>Inhalation(Mouse) LC50 1.5 mg/l/30m <sup>[2]</sup> | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                  |

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|                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                   |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                             | Oral(Rat) LD50 >3000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                    |                   |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer             | <b>TOXICITY</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>IRRITATION</b> |
|                                             | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Not Available     |
| sodium carboxymethylcellulose               | <b>TOXICITY</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>IRRITATION</b> |
|                                             | 140 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Not Available     |
|                                             | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                             |                   |
|                                             | Inhalation(Rat) LC50 >5.8 mg/l/4H <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                             |                   |
|                                             | Oral(Rat) LD50 27000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                    |                   |
| styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer | <b>TOXICITY</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>IRRITATION</b> |
|                                             | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 5010 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                              | Not Available     |
|                                             | Oral(Rat) LD50 5010 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                     |                   |
| <b>Legend:</b>                              | 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances |                   |

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LITHIUM IRON PHOSPHATE | <p>Goitrogenic:<br/>Goitrogens are substances that suppress the function of the thyroid gland by interfering with iodine uptake, which can, as a result, cause an enlargement of the thyroid, i.e., a goitre<br/>Goitrogens include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vitexin, a flavanoid, which inhibits thyroid peroxidase thus contributing to goiter.</li> <li>▶ Ions such as thiocyanate and perchlorate which decrease iodide uptake by competitive inhibition; as a consequence of reduced thyroxine and triiodothyronine secretion by the gland, at low doses, this causes an increased release of thyrotropin (by reduced negative feedback), which then stimulates the gland.</li> <li>▶ Lithium which inhibits thyroid hormone release.</li> <li>▶ Certain foods, such as soy and millet (containing vitexins) and vegetables in the genus Brassica (e.g. broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, horseradish).</li> <li>▶ Caffeine (in coffee, tea, cola, chocolate) which acts on thyroid function as a suppressant.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| COPPER                 | <p>WARNING: Inhalation of high concentrations of copper fume may cause "metal fume fever", an acute industrial disease of short duration. Symptoms are tiredness, influenza like respiratory tract irritation with fever.<br/>for copper and its compounds (typically copper chloride):</p> <p><b>Acute toxicity:</b> There are no reliable acute oral toxicity results available. In an acute dermal toxicity study (OECD TG 402), one group of 5 male rats and 5 groups of 5 female rats received doses of 1000, 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw via dermal application for 24 hours. The LD50 values of copper monochloride were 2,000 mg/kg bw or greater for male (no deaths observed) and 1,224 mg/kg bw for female. Four females died at both 1500 and 2000 mg/kg bw, and one at 1,000 mg/kg bw. Symptom of the hardness of skin, an exudation of hardness site, the formation of scar and reddish changes were observed on application sites in all treated animals. Skin inflammation and injury were also noted. In addition, a reddish or black urine was observed in females at 2,000, 1,500 and 1,000 mg/kg bw. Female rats appeared to be more sensitive than male based on mortality and clinical signs.</p> <p>No reliable skin/eye irritation studies were available. The acute dermal study with copper monochloride suggests that it has a potential to cause skin irritation.</p> <p><b>Repeat dose toxicity:</b> In repeated dose toxicity study performed according to OECD TG 422, copper monochloride was given orally (gavage) to Sprague-Dawley rats for 30 days to males and for 39 - 51 days to females at concentrations of 0, 1.3, 5.0, 20, and 80 mg/kg bw/day. The NOAEL value was 5 and 1.3 mg/kg bw/day for male and female rats, respectively. No deaths were observed in male rats. One treatment-related death was observed in female rats in the high dose group. Erythropoietic toxicity (anaemia) was seen in both sexes at the 80 mg/kg bw/day. The frequency of squamous cell hyperplasia of the forestomach was increased in a dose-dependent manner in male and female rats at all treatment groups, and was statistically significant in males at doses of =20 mg/kg bw/day and in females at doses of =5 mg/kg bw/day doses. The observed effects are considered to be local, non-systemic effect on the forestomach which result from oral (gavage) administration of copper monochloride.</p> <p><b>Genotoxicity:</b> An in vitro genotoxicity study with copper monochloride showed negative results in a bacterial reverse mutation test with Salmonella typhimurium strains (TA 98, TA 100, TA 1535, and TA 1537) with and without S9 mix at concentrations of up to 1,000 ug/plate. An in vitro test for chromosome aberration in Chinese hamster lung (CHL) cells showed that copper monochloride induced structural and numerical aberrations at the concentration of 50, 70 and 100 ug/mL without S9 mix. In the presence of the metabolic activation system, significant increases of structural aberrations were observed at 50 and 70 ug/mL and significant increases of numerical aberrations were observed at 70 ug/mL. In an in vivo mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus assay, all animals dosed (15 - 60 mg/kg bw) with copper monochloride exhibited similar PCE/(PCE+NCE) ratios and MNPCE frequencies compared to those of the negative control animals. Therefore copper monochloride is not an in vivo mutagen.</p> <p><b>Carcinogenicity:</b> there was insufficient information to evaluate the carcinogenic activity of copper monochloride.</p> <p>Reproductive and developmental toxicity: In the combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test (OECD TG 422), copper monochloride was given orally (gavage) to Sprague-Dawley rats for 30 days to males and for 39-51 days to females at concentrations of 0, 1.3, 5.0, 20, and 80 mg/kg bw/day. The NOAEL of copper monochloride for fertility toxicity was 80 mg/kg bw/day for the parental animals. No treatment-related effects were observed on the reproductive organs and the fertility parameters assessed. For developmental toxicity the NOAEL was 20 mg/kg bw/day. Three of 120 pups appeared to have icterus at birth; 4 of 120 pups appeared runted at the highest dose tested (80 mg/kg bw/day).</p> |
| ETHYLENE CARBONATE     | <p>The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.</p> <p>The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling epidermis. Histologically there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.</p> <p>for ethylene carbonate</p> <p><b>Mammalian toxicity:</b> Reliable acute toxicity tests are available on ethylene carbonate. Ethylene carbonate is practically nontoxic following acute oral exposure in a test that meets OECD and EPA test guidelines; the LD50 is &gt;5000 mg/kg. The dermal LD50 is &gt;2000 mg/kg, in a test that meets OECD and EPA test guidelines.</p> <p>Ethylene carbonate is rapidly metabolized to ethylene glycol. Following gavage administration to rats, ethylene carbonate is rapidly converted into ethylene glycol; the half-life for disappearance of ethylene carbonate from blood was 0.25 hours. As a result, the mammalian toxicity of ethylene carbonate is nearly identical to that of ethylene glycol for endpoints where both have been tested</p> <p>Ethylene carbonate was mixed in the diet of 26 male and 26 female CrI: CD(SD) rats for 18 months at concentrations of 25,000 ppm for males</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



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and females and 50,000 ppm for females; males were also fed 50,000 ppm for 42 weeks, and 40,000 ppm for 16 weeks. Survivors were observed to 24 months. Compound intake (mg/kg/day) was not reported, but is estimated to be approximately 250 and 500 mg/kg/day. No toxic effects were found in females, but increased mortality was seen in males at both dose levels. No high-dose males survived week 60 and only 10 low-dose males survived to week 78. Males had severe nephrotoxicity, characteristic of ethylene glycol toxicity.

The following *in vitro* genotoxicity tests were conducted on ethylene carbonate, without indications of genotoxicity: an Ames mutagenicity assay, an unscheduled DNA synthesis assay using rat hepatocytes, and a cell transformation assay using BALB/3T3 cells. No *in vivo* genotoxicity studies on ethylene carbonate were found; however, ethylene glycol has been tested and was negative in a rat dominant lethal assay.

Gavage administration of ethylene carbonate to pregnant rats days 6-15 of gestation resulted in systemic toxicity at doses of 3000 mg/kg/day, including post-dose salivation. The NOAEL for maternal toxicity was 1500 mg/kg/day. Similar to ethylene glycol, there were increased soft tissue (hydrocephalus, umbilical herniation, gastroschisis, cleft palate, misshapen and compressed stomach) and skeletal malformations at 3000 mg/kg/day, but not at 1500 mg/kg/day.

For ethylene glycol:

Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed through the respiratory tract; dermal absorption is apparently slow. Following absorption, ethylene glycol is distributed throughout the body according to total body water. In most mammalian species, including humans, ethylene glycol is initially metabolised by alcohol

dehydrogenase to form glycolaldehyde, which is rapidly converted to glycolic acid and glyoxal by aldehyde oxidase and aldehyde dehydrogenase. These metabolites are oxidised to glyoxylate; glyoxylate may be further metabolised to formic acid, oxalic acid, and glycine.

Breakdown of both glycine and formic acid can generate CO<sub>2</sub>, which is one of the major elimination products of ethylene glycol. In addition to exhaled CO<sub>2</sub>, ethylene glycol is eliminated in the urine as both the parent compound and glycolic acid. Elimination of ethylene glycol from the plasma in both humans and laboratory animals is rapid after oral exposure; elimination half-lives are in the range of 1-4 hours in most species tested.

**Respiratory Effects.** Respiratory system involvement occurs 12-24 hours after ingestion of sufficient amounts of ethylene glycol and is considered to be part of a second stage in ethylene glycol poisoning. The symptoms include hyperventilation, shallow rapid breathing, and generalized pulmonary edema with calcium oxalate crystals occasionally present in the lung parenchyma. Respiratory system involvement appears to be dose-dependent and occurs concomitantly with cardiovascular changes. Pulmonary infiltrates and other changes compatible with adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) may characterise the second stage of ethylene glycol poisoning. Pulmonary oedema can be secondary to cardiac failure, ARDS, or aspiration of gastric contents. Symptoms related to acidosis such as hyperpnea and tachypnea are frequently observed; however, major respiratory morbidities such as pulmonary edema and bronchopneumonia are relatively rare and usually only observed with extreme poisoning (e.g., in only 5 of 36 severely poisoned cases).

**Cardiovascular Effects.** Cardiovascular system involvement in humans occurs at the same time as respiratory system involvement, during the second phase of oral ethylene glycol poisoning, which is 12- 24 hours after acute exposure. The symptoms of cardiac involvement include tachycardia, ventricular gallop and cardiac enlargement. Ingestion of ethylene glycol may also cause hypertension or hypotension, which may progress to cardiogenic shock. Myocarditis has been observed at autopsy in cases of people who died following acute ingestion of ethylene glycol. As in the case of respiratory effects, cardiovascular involvement occurs with ingestion of relatively high doses of ethylene glycol. Nevertheless, circulatory disturbances are a rare occurrence, having been reported in only 8 of 36 severely poisoned cases. Therefore, it appears that acute exposure to high levels of ethylene glycol can cause serious cardiovascular effects in humans. The effects of a long-term, low-dose exposure are unknown.

**Gastrointestinal Effects.** Nausea, vomiting with or without blood, pyrosis, and abdominal cramping and pain are common early effects of acute ethylene glycol ingestion. Acute effects of ethylene glycol ingestion in one patient included intermittent diarrhea and abdominal pain, which were attributed to mild colonic ischaemia; severe abdominal pain secondary to colonic stricture and perforation developed 3 months after ingestion, and histology of the resected colon showed birefringent crystals highly suggestive of oxalate deposition.

**Musculoskeletal Effects.** Reported musculoskeletal effects in cases of acute ethylene glycol poisoning have included diffuse muscle tenderness and myalgias associated with elevated serum creatinine phosphokinase levels, and myoclonic jerks and tetanic contractions associated with hypocalcaemia.

**Hepatic Effects.** Central hydropic or fatty degeneration, parenchymal necrosis, and calcium oxalate crystals in the liver have been observed at autopsy in cases of people who died following acute ingestion of ethylene glycol.

**Renal Effects.** Adverse renal effects after ethylene glycol ingestion in humans can be observed during the third stage of ethylene glycol toxicity 24-72 hours after acute exposure. The hallmark of renal toxicity is the presence of birefringent calcium oxalate monohydrate crystals deposited in renal tubules and their presence in urine after ingestion of relatively high amounts of ethylene glycol. Other signs of nephrotoxicity can include tubular cell degeneration and necrosis and tubular interstitial inflammation. If untreated, the degree of renal damage caused by high doses of ethylene glycol progresses and leads to haematuria, proteinuria, decreased renal function, oliguria, anuria, and ultimately renal failure. These changes in the kidney are linked to acute tubular necrosis but normal or near normal renal function can return with adequate supportive therapy.

**Metabolic Effects.** One of the major adverse effects following acute oral exposure of humans to ethylene glycol involves metabolic changes. These changes occur as early as 12 hours after ethylene glycol exposure. Ethylene glycol intoxication is accompanied by metabolic acidosis which is manifested by decreased pH and bicarbonate content of serum and other bodily fluids caused by accumulation of excess glycolic acid. Other characteristic metabolic effects of ethylene glycol poisoning are increased serum anion gap, increased osmolal gap, and hypocalcaemia. Serum anion gap is calculated from concentrations of sodium, chloride, and bicarbonate, is normally 12-16 mM, and is typically elevated after ethylene glycol ingestion due to increases in unmeasured metabolite anions (mainly glycolate).

**Neurological Effects:** Adverse neurological reactions are among the first symptoms to appear in humans after ethylene glycol ingestion. These early neurotoxic effects are also the only symptoms attributed to unmetabolised ethylene glycol. Together with metabolic changes, they occur during the period of 30 minutes to 12 hours after exposure and are considered to be part of the first stage in ethylene glycol intoxication. In cases of acute intoxication, in which a large amount of ethylene glycol is ingested over a very short time period, there is a progression of neurological manifestations which, if not treated, may lead to generalized seizures and coma. Ataxia, slurred speech, confusion, and somnolence are common during the initial phase of ethylene glycol intoxication as are irritation, restlessness, and disorientation. Cerebral edema and crystalline deposits of calcium oxalate in the walls of small blood vessels in the brain were found at autopsy in people who died after acute ethylene glycol ingestion.

Effects on cranial nerves appear late (generally 5-20 days post-ingestion), are relatively rare, and according to some investigators constitute a fourth, late cerebral phase in ethylene glycol intoxication. Clinical manifestations of the cranial neuropathy commonly involve lower motor neurons of the facial and bulbar nerves and are reversible over many months.

**Reproductive Effects:** Reproductive function after intermediate-duration oral exposure to ethylene glycol has been tested in three multi-generation studies (one in rats and two in mice) and several shorter studies (15-20 days in rats and mice). In these studies, effects on fertility, foetal viability, and male reproductive organs were observed in mice, while the only effect in rats was an increase in gestational duration.

**Developmental Effects:** The developmental toxicity of ethylene glycol has been assessed in several acute-duration studies using mice, rats, and rabbits. Available studies indicate that malformations, especially skeletal malformations occur in both mice and rats exposed during gestation; mice are apparently more sensitive to the developmental effects of ethylene glycol. Other evidence of embryotoxicity in laboratory animals exposed to ethylene glycol exposure includes reduction in foetal body weight.

**Cancer:** No studies were located regarding cancer effects in humans or animals after dermal exposure to ethylene glycol.

**Genotoxic Effects:** Studies in humans have not addressed the genotoxic effects of ethylene glycol. However, available *in vivo* and *in vitro* laboratory studies provide consistently negative genotoxicity results for ethylene glycol.

## POLYPROPYLENE

\* For pyrolyzate

## POLYETHYLENE

polyethylene pyrolyzate

Inclusion of polyethylene in the diet of rats at 8 g/kg/day did not result in treatment-related effects. Polyethylene implanted into rats and mice has reportedly caused local tumorigenic activity at doses of 33 to 2120 mg/kg, but the relevance to human exposure is not certain.

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| <p><b>SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE</b></p>                                                                                             | <p>Neoplastic by RTECS criteria</p> <p>While thought to be uncommon, case reports of severe reactions to carboxymethylcellulose exist. In one such instance, a woman was known to experience anaphylaxis following exposure. Skin testing is believed to be a useful diagnostic tool for this purpose.</p> <p>Effects on inflammation, microbiota-related metabolic syndrome, and colitis are a subject of research Carboxymethyl cellulose has been found to cause inflammation of the gut, altering microbiota, and was found to be a triggering factor of inflammatory bowel diseases such as ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           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| <p><b>STYRENE/ BUTADIENE/ ACRYLONITRILE COPOLYMER</b></p>                                                                               | <p>Ultrafine particles (UFPs) may be produced at lower temperatures during the 3D printing process Concerns have been raised regarding airborne UFP concentrations generated while printing with ABS, as UFPs have been linked with adverse health effects</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               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| <p><b>LITHIUM IRON PHOSPHATE &amp; GRAPHITE &amp; LITHIUM FLUOROPHOSPHATE &amp; ALUMINIUM &amp; VINYLIDENE FLUORIDE HOMOPOLYMER</b></p> | <p>No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              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| <p><b>GRAPHITE &amp; LITHIUM FLUOROPHOSPHATE &amp; ETHYLENE CARBONATE</b></p>                                                           | <p>Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Key criteria for the diagnosis of RADS include the absence of preceding respiratory disease, in a non-atopic individual, with abrupt onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. A reversible airflow pattern, on spirometry, with the presence of moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia, have also been included in the criteria for diagnosis of RADS. RADS (or asthma) following an irritating inhalation is an infrequent disorder with rates related to the concentration of and duration of exposure to the irritating substance. Industrial bronchitis, on the other hand, is a disorder that occurs as result of exposure due to high concentrations of irritating substance (often particulate in nature) and is completely reversible after exposure ceases. The disorder is characterised by dyspnea, cough and mucus production.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                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| <p><b>POLYPROPYLENE &amp; POLYETHYLENE</b></p>                                                                                          | <p>for poly-alpha-olefins (PAOs):</p> <p>PAOs are highly branched isoparaffinic chemicals produced by oligomerisation of 1-octene, 1-decene, and/or 1-dodecene. The crude polyalphaolefin mixture is then distilled into appropriate product fractions to meet specific viscosity specifications and hydrogenated. Read across data exist for health effects endpoints from the following similar <i>hydrogenated</i> long chain branched alkanes derived from a C8, C10, and/or C12 alpha olefins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Decene homopolymer</li> <li>Decene/dodecene copolymer</li> <li>Octene/decene/dodecene copolymer</li> <li>Dodecene trimer</li> </ul> <p>The data for these structural analogs demonstrated no evidence of health effects. In addition, there is evidence in the literature that alkanes with 30 or more carbon atoms are unlikely to be absorbed when administered orally. The physicochemical data suggest that it is unlikely that significant absorption will occur. If a substance of the size and structure of a typical PAO is absorbed, then the principal mechanisms of absorption after oral administration are likely to be passive diffusion and absorption by way of the lymphatic system. The former requires both good lipid solubility and good water solubility as the substance has to partition from an aqueous environment through a lipophilic membrane into another aqueous environment during absorption. Absorption by way of the lymphatics occurs by mechanisms analogous to those that absorb fatty acids and is limited by the size of the molecule. Lipophilicity generally enhances the ability of chemicals to cross biological membranes. Biotransformation by mixed function oxidases often increases the water solubility of a substance; however, existing data suggest that these substances will not undergo oxidation to more hydrophilic metabolites. Finally, a chemical must have an active functional group that can interact chemically or physically with the target cell or receptor upon reaching it; there are no moieties in PAOs that represent a functional group that may have biological activity. The water solubilities of a C10 dimer PAO and a C12 trimer PAO were determined to be &lt;1 ppb and &lt; 1 ppt respectively. The partition coefficient for a C12 trimer PAO was determined to be log Kow of &gt;7. Given the very low water solubility it is extremely unlikely that PAOs will be absorbed by passive diffusion following oral administration, and the size of the molecules suggest that the extent of lymphatic absorption is likely to be very low. Although PAOs are relatively large lipophilic compounds, and molecular size may be a critical limiting determinant for absorption, there is some evidence that these substances are absorbed. However, the lack of observed toxicity in the studies with PAOs suggests that these products are absorbed poorly, if at all. Furthermore, a review of the literature regarding the absorption and metabolism of long chain alkanes indicates that alkanes with 30+ carbon atoms are unlikely to be absorbed. For example the absorption of squalane, an analogous C30 product, administered orally to male CD rats was examined - essentially all of the squalane was recovered unchanged in the faeces. At the same time, the hydrophobic properties of PAOs suggest that, should they be absorbed, they would undergo limited distribution in the aqueous systemic circulation and reach potential target organs in limited concentrations. In addition to the general considerations discussed above, the low volatility of PAOs indicates that, under normal conditions of use or transportation, exposure by the inhalation route is unlikely. In particular, the high viscosity of these substances suggests that it would be difficult to generate a high concentration of respirable particles in the air.</p> <p><b>Acute toxicity:</b> PAOs (decene/dodecene copolymer, octene/decene/dodecene homo-polymer, and dodecene trimer) have been adequately tested for acute oral toxicity. There were no deaths when the test materials were administered at doses of 5,000 mg/kg (decene/dodecene copolymer and dodecene trimer) and at 2,000 mg/kg (octene/decene/dodecene copolymer) in rats. Overall, the acute oral LD50 for these substances was greater than the 2000 mg/kg limit dose, indicating a relatively low order of toxicity.</p> <p>PAOs (decene/dodecene copolymer, octene/decene/dodecene copolymer, and dodecene trimer) have been tested for acute dermal toxicity. No mortality was observed for any substance when administered at the limit dose of 2000 or 5000 mg/kg. Overall, the acute dermal LD50 for these substances was greater than the 2000 mg/kg limit dose, indicating a relatively low order of toxicity.</p> <p>1-Decene, homopolymer, is absorbed (unexpectedly for a high molecular weight polymer) to a moderate degree in rat skin and is eliminated slowly</p> <p>PAOs (decene homopolymer, decene/dodecene copolymer, and decene trimer) have been tested for acute inhalation toxicity. Rats were exposed to aerosols of the substances at nominal atmospheric concentrations of 2.5, 5.0, and 5.06 mg/L, respectively, for four hours. These levels were the maximum attainable concentrations under the conditions of the tests, due to the low volatility and high viscosity of the test material. No mortality was noted, and all animals fully recovered following depuration. The lack of mortality at concentrations at or above the limit dose of 2.0 mg/L indicates a relatively low order of toxicity for these substances.</p> <p><b>Repeat dose toxicity:</b> Eight repeated-dose toxicity studies using two different animal species, rats and mice, and oral and dermal routes of administration have been conducted with three structural analogs. These data suggest that the structural analogs exhibit a low order of toxicity following repeated applications, due to their similarity in chemical structures and physicochemical properties.</p> <p>One 28-day oral toxicity study in rats, one 90-day dermal and two 90-day dietary studies in rats, and a dermal carcinogenicity study in mice exist for decene homopolymer. A rat oral combined reproductive toxicity and 91-day systemic toxicity study was also conducted with decene homopolymer. In addition, 28-day rat oral toxicity studies exist for two structurally analogous substances (dodecene trimer and octene/decene/dodecene copolymer); and a 90-day rat dermal toxicity study exists for octene/decene/dodecene copolymer. Results from these studies show a low order of repeated dose toxicity. The dermal NOAEL for systemic toxicity studies was equal to or greater than 2000 mg/kg/day. The oral NOAEL for 1-decene homopolymer is between 5,000 and 20,000 mg/kg/day in Sprague-Dawley rats.</p> <p>Rats exposed repeatedly by dermal exposure at doses of 2000 mg/kg decene/dodecene copolymer showed increased incidences of hyperplasia of the sebaceous glands, hyperplasia/hyperkeratosis of the epidermis and dermal inflammation. These symptoms generally subsided within 2 weeks. Males showed decreased body weight gain and altered serum chemistry.</p> <p>In a 90-day feeding study rats receiving 20000 ppm of 1-decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated did not exhibit any clinical signs of systemic toxicity. Marginal effects on clinical chemistry (glucose and ALT in males; sodium, phosphorus and calcium in females) were seen.</p> <p><b>Reproductive toxicity:</b> Data are available for decene homopolymer. Results from these studies show a low order of reproductive/developmental toxicity. The NOAEL for reproductive toxicity was 1000 mg/kg/day, the highest concentration tested. The lack of effects on fertility</p> |

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|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p>in this study or effects on reproductive organs in this or other subchronic studies with closely related chemicals indicates that PAOs are unlikely to exert effects on reproduction.</p> <p><b>Developmental toxicity:</b> Decene homopolymer (with 10 ppm of an antioxidant) was administered once daily on gestation days 0-19 via dermal application to presumed-pregnant rats at doses of 0, 800, and 2000 mg/kg/day. Dermal administration of the test material did not adversely affect parameters of reproductive performance during gestation, nor did it adversely affect <i>in utero</i> survival and development of the offspring. The NOAEL in this study for developmental parameters was 2000 mg/kg/day.</p> <p><b>Genotoxicity:</b> Information for the following PAOs (decene homopolymer, octene/decene/dodecene copolymer, dodecene trimer; and decene/dodecene copolymer [prepared from 10% C12 and 90% C10 alpha olefins; approx. 33% trimer and 51% tetramer, 16% pentamer and higher]) is available. Either bacterial or mammalian gene mutation assays, <i>in vitro</i> chromosomal aberration assays, or <i>in vivo</i> chromosomal aberration assays have been conducted for these substances. Neither mutagenicity nor clastogenicity were exhibited by any of these substances in the referenced <i>in vivo</i> or <i>in vitro</i> tests, with or without metabolic activation.</p> <p><b>Carcinogenicity:</b> While alpha-olefin polymers have similar properties to mineral oils, they do not contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, or other known possible carcinogens.</p> <p>Decene homopolymer produced no treatment-related tumors in C3H mice treated with a 50 ul/application twice weekly for 104 weeks. In addition, survival (56%) was greater than in any other group, including the untreated control.</p> |
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|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| POLYPROPYLENE & POLYETHYLENE & STYRENE/ BUTADIENE/ ACRYLONITRILE COPOLYMER | <p>The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:</p> <p><b>NOT</b> classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.</p> <p>Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.</p> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                   |   |                          |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity                    | ✗ | Carcinogenicity          | ✗ |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | ✓ | Reproductivity           | ✗ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation     | ✓ | STOT - Single Exposure   | ✓ |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✗ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | ✓ |
| Mutagenicity                      | ✗ | Aspiration Hazard        | ✗ |

**Legend:** ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification  
 ✓ – Data available to make classification

## SECTION 12 Ecological information

## Toxicity

|                                     |               |                    |                               |                          |               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available            | Not Available |
| lithium iron phosphate              | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | >28mg/L                  | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >24mg/L                  | 2             |
|                                     | NOEC          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >=24mg/L                 | 2             |
| copper                              | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | 0.0028mg/L               | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | 0.001mg/L                | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | -0.0108035-0.0171585mg/L | 4             |
|                                     | BCFD          | 1344               | Not Available                 | 7402.320-mg/L            | 4             |
|                                     | EC25          | 6                  | Algae or other aquatic plants | 0.001506135-mg/L         | 4             |
|                                     | NOEL          | 1440               | Not Available                 | -0.0004-0.00122mg/L      | 4             |
| graphite                            | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | >100mg/L                 | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | >100mg/L                 | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >100mg/L                 | 2             |
|                                     | NOEC          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >=100mg/L                | 2             |
| lithium fluorophosphate             | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | 42mg/L                   | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | 98mg/L                   | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 96                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | 43mg/L                   | 2             |
|                                     | NOEC          | 528                | Fish                          | 0.2mg/L                  | 2             |
| ethylene carbonate                  | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value                    | Source        |
|                                     | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | >100mg/L                 | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | >100mg/L                 | 2             |
|                                     | EC50          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >100mg/L                 | 2             |

Continued...



## 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | NOEC          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | 100mg/L       | 2             |
| dimethyl carbonate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | >=100mg/L     | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | >74.16mg/L    | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | EC50          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >57.29mg/L    | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | NOEC          | 504                | Crustacea                     | 25mg/L        | 2             |
| aluminium                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | LC50          | 96                 | Fish                          | 0.078242mg/L  | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | EC50          | 48                 | Crustacea                     | 0.7364mg/L    | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | EC50          | 96                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | 0.0054mg/L    | 2             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | BCF           | 360                | Not Available                 | 9mg/L         | 4             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | NOEC          | 72                 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >=0.004mg/L   | 2             |
| polypropylene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available | Not Available |
| polyethylene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available | Not Available |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available | Not Available |
| sodium carboxymethylcellulose                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available | Not Available |
| styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value         | Source        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available | Not Available |
| <b>Legend:</b> Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data |               |                    |                               |               |               |

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

#### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient                      | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| ethylene carbonate              | HIGH                    | HIGH             |
| dimethyl carbonate              | HIGH                    | HIGH             |
| polypropylene                   | LOW                     | LOW              |
| polyethylene                    | LOW                     | LOW              |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer | LOW                     | LOW              |

#### Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient                      | Bioaccumulation        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| ethylene carbonate              | LOW (LogKOW = -0.3388) |
| dimethyl carbonate              | LOW (LogKOW = 0.2336)  |
| polypropylene                   | LOW (LogKOW = 1.6783)  |
| polyethylene                    | LOW (LogKOW = 1.2658)  |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer | LOW (LogKOW = 1.24)    |

#### Mobility in soil

| Ingredient                      | Mobility          |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| ethylene carbonate              | LOW (KOC = 9.168) |
| dimethyl carbonate              | LOW (KOC = 8.254) |
| polypropylene                   | LOW (KOC = 23.74) |
| polyethylene                    | LOW (KOC = 14.3)  |
| vinylidene fluoride homopolymer | LOW (KOC = 35.04) |

Continued...

## SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

## Waste treatment methods

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product / Packaging disposal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</b></li> <li>▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.</li> <li>▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.</li> <li>▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.</li> <li>▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.</li> <li>▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.</li> </ul> |

## SECTION 14 Transport information

## Labels Required

|                  |                                                                                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  |  |
| Marine Pollutant | NO                                                                                |
| HAZCHEM          | 2Y                                                                                |

## Land transport (ADG)

|                              |                                                                                             |                                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| UN number                    | 3481                                                                                        |                                     |
| UN proper shipping name      | LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT |                                     |
| Transport hazard class(es)   | Class                                                                                       | 9                                   |
|                              | Subrisk                                                                                     | Not Applicable                      |
| Packing group                | Not Applicable                                                                              |                                     |
| Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable                                                                              |                                     |
| Special precautions for user | Special provisions                                                                          | 188 230 310 348 360 376 377 384 387 |
|                              | Limited quantity                                                                            | 0                                   |

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN number                    | 3481                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                  |
| UN proper shipping name      | Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment (including lithium ion polymer batteries); Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment (including lithium ion polymer batteries) |                                                                                  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   | ICAO/IATA Class                                                                                                                                                               | 9                                                                                |
|                              | ICAO / IATA Subrisk                                                                                                                                                           | Not Applicable                                                                   |
|                              | ERG Code                                                                                                                                                                      | 12FZ                                                                             |
| Packing group                | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                  |
| Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                  |
| Special precautions for user | Special provisions                                                                                                                                                            | A48 A88 A99 A154 A164 A181 A185 A206 A213; A88 A99 A154 A164 A181 A185 A206 A213 |
|                              | Cargo Only Packing Instructions                                                                                                                                               | 967; 966                                                                         |
|                              | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack                                                                                                                                                 | 35 kg                                                                            |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions                                                                                                                                      | 967; 966                                                                         |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack                                                                                                                                        | 5 kg                                                                             |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions                                                                                                                     | Forbidden                                                                        |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack                                                                                                                                | Forbidden                                                                        |

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

|                            |                                                                                                                                       |                |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | 3481                                                                                                                                  |                |
| UN proper shipping name    | LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries) |                |
| Transport hazard class(es) | IMDG Class                                                                                                                            | 9              |
|                            | IMDG Subrisk                                                                                                                          | Not Applicable |

|                                     |                    |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Packing group</b>                | Not Applicable     |                                     |
| <b>Environmental hazard</b>         | Not Applicable     |                                     |
| <b>Special precautions for user</b> | EMS Number         | F-A , S-I                           |
|                                     | Special provisions | 188 230 310 348 360 376 377 384 387 |
|                                     | Limited Quantities | 0                                   |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code**

Not Applicable

**SECTION 15 Regulatory information****Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture****lithium iron phosphate is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6

**copper is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**graphite is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**lithium fluorophosphate is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**ethylene carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**dimethyl carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**aluminium is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**polypropylene is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

**polyethylene is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

**vinylidene fluoride homopolymer is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**sodium carboxymethylcellulose is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer is found on the following regulatory lists**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

**National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory                              | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use | No (lithium iron phosphate)                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Canada - DSL                                    | No (lithium fluorophosphate)                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Canada - NDSL                                   | No (lithium iron phosphate; copper; graphite; ethylene carbonate; dimethyl carbonate; aluminium; polypropylene; polyethylene; vinylidene fluoride homopolymer; sodium carboxymethylcellulose; styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer) |
| China - IECSC                                   | No (lithium iron phosphate)                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP                   | No (lithium iron phosphate; polypropylene; polyethylene; vinylidene fluoride homopolymer; sodium carboxymethylcellulose; styrene/ butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer)                                                                      |
| Japan - ENCS                                    | No (copper; graphite; lithium fluorophosphate; aluminium)                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Korea - KECI                                    | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                             | No (lithium iron phosphate; lithium fluorophosphate)                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## 12V 1400A PROFESSIONAL JUMP STARTER

| National Inventory  | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Philippines - PICCS | No (lithium iron phosphate)                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| USA - TSCA          | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Taiwan - TCSI       | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Mexico - INSQ       | No (lithium iron phosphate; lithium fluorophosphate; ethylene carbonate; vinylidene fluoride homopolymer)                                                                                                        |
| Vietnam - NCI       | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Russia - ARIPS      | No (lithium iron phosphate; lithium fluorophosphate)                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Legend:</b>      | <i>Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br/>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)</i> |

## SECTION 16 Other information

|                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| <b>Revision Date</b> | 22/12/2020 |
| <b>Initial Date</b>  | 22/12/2020 |

## SDS Version Summary

| Version | Issue Date | Sections Updated          |
|---------|------------|---------------------------|
| 2.1.1.1 | 22/12/2020 | Personal Protection (eye) |

## Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

## Definitions and abbreviations

PC—TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average  
PC—STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit  
TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.  
IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations  
OSF: Odour Safety Factor  
NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  
TLV: Threshold Limit Value  
LOD: Limit Of Detection  
OTV: Odour Threshold Value  
BCF: BioConcentration Factors  
BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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